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(With the assistance of team members)

Edu301 Quiz 3-Final term

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Edu301 Quiz #3 Final term

- 1. Child's rights convention of 1989 has mentioned that "Education is basic right of every child."
- 2. Shared integration overlaps concepts as the organizer.
- 3. Teacher must ensure holistic development of children.
- 4. Vygotsky's theory is very much applicable in early childhood education
- 5. All conclusions must be considered relative or tentative, not final.
- 6. Students LOVE a integrated curriculum and thrive on its challenges.
- 7. Forms of integration (Fogarty & Stoehr's 1995)
- 8. The integrated curriculum is a great gift to experienced teachers.
- 9. Child is a natural discoverer. (Bruner) Download More Quizzes Files From
- 10. Piaget have 4 stages.

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- 11. Learning is defined as a permanent change in behavior.
- 12. There are 3 physical development milestones use in pre-schooling.
- 13. Child is a natural discoverer.
- 14. By the age three, a child has TWICE as many brain connections as an adult.
- 15. Bruner's work was very much influenced by Piaget's work.
- 16. Drawing conclusions based on observations come in **Inferring**.
- 17. Curriculum is a dead thing teacher's give life to it.
- 18. Learners can learn only 5-9 chunks of information at a time.
- **19**. In school we do not have much time to deliver information so we must know the **core concept**.
- 20. Measuring is an inquiry process.
- 21. According to Kolb (1984), Learning is a process of a combination of grasping experience and transforming it.
- 22. In British English, pre-schooling is known as Nursery.
- 23. In pre-schools pictures and model are not sufficient way of learning.
- 24. Teachers want to teach in depth but want to cover the syllabus too.
- 25. Inductive inquiry is of two types.
- 26. Paper pencil tests can assess skill of the students.

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- 27. Remarkable changes occur in the brain during the second decade of life.
- 28. Learning is the permanent change in behavior.
- 29. If we will use the connections our efficiency of doing any task will increase
- 30. A 5 year old child has the vocabulary of 2000 words.
- 31. Through integration it will be easier for the children to ask essential questions.
- 32. Inquiry is not about memorizing facts.

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- 33. Networked are created between the learners. VUAnswer.com
- 34. The Red Hat signifies feelings, hunches and intuition.
- 35. Inquiry method requires the learner to develop various processes associated with inquiry.
- 36. Teams are made up of high, average and low achieving students.
- 37. We do not teach ppersonal skills in schools.
- 38. Cooperative goal structure: It occurs when students perceive that they can obtain their goal if, and only if, the other students with whom they work also obtain their goals. E.g. group games.
- 39. We can remember those things which are connected with our prior learning.
- 40. Assimilation leads to consideration of new options and points of view.
- 41. Roots of the research of all social sciences are based on scientific method.
- 42. Problem base learning is done on groups.

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- 43. The brain thrives on connections VUAnswer.com
- . 44. **Infusion:** The process of planning, assessing and monitoring one's own thinking
- 45. In enactive stage child makes relationships with concrete objects and learns from them.
- 46. Reward systems are oriented to the group as well as the individual
- 47. Cooperative learning methods are those in which more than one person work together.
- 48. The solutions, alternatives or responses provided by learners are not found in textbooks.
- 49. Knowledge can be assessed through written tests. 50. Vygotsky was a Russian psychologist.
- 51. In problem based learning students try to clarify the problem.
- 52. Learners progress from specific observations to inferences or generalizations.
- 53. In inductive method we move from specific to general.
- 54. Generative topics are those which are linked with core concepts.

- 55. Variables are much important in scientific method.
- 56. Problem solving is very useful learner centered teaching and learning strategy.
- 57. Problem based learning also starts from questions.
- 58. Word scientific was devised in the 19th century.
- 59. Originally the scientific method was called the experimental method.
- 60. Life is not divided into little blocks of subjects.
- 61. Cooperative learning it is a model which requires student cooperation and interdependence in its task, goal and reward structure.
- 62. Beyer says that "critical thinking has two important dimensions.
- 63. Beyer says that "critical thinking has two important dimensions.
- 64. John Dewey said that classroom is just like a laboratory.
- 65. It is said that Galileo is the father of scientific method.
- 66. Core concepts are declarative knowledge.
- 67. Norris (1985) agrees, stating that: Having a critical spirit is as important as thinking critically.
- 68. Bruner did not clearly divide these stages he kept them merged.
- 69. Inquiry May involve a Problem Procedure and Solution
- 70. The important thing in jigsaw reading is what we know we must share it with others.
- 71. It is common experience that poor children have more problem solving skill than other children.

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- 72. Essential questions are related to the lives of people.
- 73. Integration means putting things together.

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- 74. John dewy says that there is no such profession where knowledge is separable from doing or practice.
- 75. Generative topics need to be interesting for the teachers as well as for students.
- 76. A lot of information is not important depth of information is important.
- 77. We make the groups of students of same interest.
- 78. Students at all ages and levels have a genuine interest in discovering something new.
- 79. Inquiry May involve a Problem, Procedure and Solution.
- 80. In order to start working, the cells need to communicate with each other.
- 81. Critical thinking is a disciplined manner of thought that a person uses to assess the validity of something.
- 82. Fragmentation is said to be the very primary level of integration.
- 83. Different countries have different age levels of formal education.
- 84. Teachers get little assistance from textbook publishers.
- 85. De Bono present term "Six Thinking Hats".
- 86. All children are unique they have their own developmental milestones.
- 87. The average weight gain of 6-12 years children in a year is 5-7 pound.

- 88. we need to integrate knowledge with practical skills.
- 89. Brain develop very fast in the first year after birth.
- 90. Children construct their own knowledge.
- 91. Inquiry is actually investigation and it starts with questioning.
- 92. Experiences are unique to every individual.
- 93. Primary school teacher should integrate two or three subjects so that we can save the time.
- 94. Art should be an essential component in pre-school education because it is directly related to physical development.

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- 95. Learning depends upon the environment. VUAnswer.com
- 96. Our teachers do not focus on core concepts 97. Drawing conclusions based on observations In Inferring.
- 98. Teacher mostly concern about the completion of syllabus.
- 99. Inquiry learning complicates and expands the teacher's work
- . 100. According to Kolb (1984), Learning is a process of a combination of grasping experience and transforming it.
- 101. Unguided inductive inquiry teacher's role is minimized, the students' activity increases
- 102. Development of **Gross motor** skills is very important in preschool or early childhood education.
- 103. Ensure holistic development of children
- 104. The solutions, alternatives or responses provided by learners are not found in textbooks.
- 105. Children love integrated curriculum because it provides the context for learning. 106. We can do classifying in preschool children also.
- 107. In American books there is a lot of information than Japanese and German books. 108. Teachers are most important persons in the application of curriculum.
- 109. essential Questions Have no obvious right answer.
- 110. Developmental milestones of pre-school education are different from those of formal education.
- 111. Generative topics are generated from the leant information.
- 112. core concept of Application in new level is important
- 113. The Green Hat focuses on creativity: the possibilities, alternatives and new

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ideas.

- 114. Generative topics actually make connections.
- 115. In **Symbolic** stage child can think abstractly
- 116. In the context of preschool it includes two stages of Piaget's stages of cognitive development
- 117. Children are very good problem solvers.
- 118. Vygotsky's theory included four major ideas.
- 119. A lot of information is not important depth of information is important
- 120. Students must learn to modify their conclusions as new data are discovered.
- 121. Essential questions definitely ask for divergent thinking.
- 122. The most important part of integration is assessment
- 123. Through integration, teaching becomes excited of the experienced teachers.
- 124. Inquiry is about investigating things.
- 125. In our Pakistani schools we focus on only on the stage of **preoperational**
- 126. A fully integrated curriculum combines disciplines in a synergistic manner that makes the knowledge of one subject inseparable from that of another subject.
- 127. Jumping is the example of gross motor.
- 128. bruner first stage he termed "Enactive".
- 129. Story time needs to be an integral part of early years of education.
- 130. Learners are responsible for planning, conducting and evaluating their own efforts. 131. All conclusions must be considered relative or tentative, not final in **inquiry teaching.**
- 132. Teaching is very exciting for young and new teachers because whenever we are going to do something new.

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- 133. Task analysis model is used under the domain of direct instruction.
- 134. Curious observation is the start of the inductive process.
- 135. Teacher must give his feedback before moving on to the next student or question. 136. Teams are made up of high, average and low achieving students.

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- 137. During guided inductive inquiry, the teacher plays the key role in asking questions, prompting responses and structuring the material and situations.
- 138. Problem solving is very useful learner centered teaching and learning strategy.
- 139. **Individualistic goal structure** occurs when achievement of the goal by one student is unrelated to the achievement of the goal by other students.
- 140. In **Enactive** stage child makes relationships with concrete objects and learns from them.
- 141. Kagan (1994) roles have been adapted by Arends.
- 142. To study a phenomenon is example of Research Projects.
- 143. Use historical drawings and painting to stimulate questions.
- 144. Children produce their original work after problem based learning.
- 145. The cooperative learning model changes the reward system and consequently, requires a different approach to evaluation and recognition of achievement.
- 146. The primary goal of cooperative learning is social skill development.
- 147. The hypothesis is an educated guess about the relationship between the independent and dependent variables.
- 148. Cooperative learning help students make the transition from whole-class to cooperative learning groups.
- 149. Learners progress from specific observations to inferences or generalizations in GII.
- 150. Coach: helps members with lesson content.
- 151. In IRE or Recitation Script Teacher's talk time is more than 50% of students talk time.
- 152. Last step of scientific method is communicating results.
- 153. Direct instruction lessons require the unique classroom management skill of gaining students.
- 154. Performance assessment can be used to measure students' problem solving potential as well as group work.
- 155. Heterogeneous groups are spirit of cooperative learning.
- 156. Recitation is also called monologic discourse pattern.
- 157. Dialogic discussion also called as interactive discussion.
- 158. Test item on these quizzes must be of an objective type, so they can be scored in class or soon after.
- 159. Group learning develops ideas and social skills of the learners.
- 160. The word scientific was devised in the 19th century.
- 161. If the topic is divergent then the teacher must have less talk time.
- 162. The reward structure should be individualistic as well as group oriented.
- 163. Guided inductive inquiry Students investigate a teacher-presented question using student designed/selected procedures.

- 164. The objective of inquiry teaching is often as process.
- 165. The most important thing in thinking skills is to provide the wait time.
- 166. Piaget spend actually 50 years to work on constructivism.
- 167. Children produce their original work after problem based learning.
- 168. Gatekeeper equalizes participation.
- 169. Information inquiry is very widely used in our school settings.
- 170. The objective is to learn (or reinforce) the processes of examining events, objects, and data and then to arrive at appropriate sets of generalizations.
- 171. Usually problem base learning is done on groups.
- 172. Limitations Keeps students in passive roles.
- 173. Group skills are the skills with which students participate effectively in a group.
- 174. Edison invented the bulb.
- 175. The biggest limitation of Cooperative Learning is the mindset.
- 176. Projects tend to be multidimensional.
- 177. Most classroom discourse proceeds at too rapid a pace.
- 178. Heterogeneous groups are spirit of cooperative learning.
- 179. Collecting data is the 3rd step of guided inductive inquiry.
- 180. Students work in teams to master learning goal.
- 181. U-shaped seating arrangements facilitates classroom discussions.
- 182. If more than 80% of the researches say that cooperative learning helps in academic achievement of a student than essentially cooperative learning tasks must be provided to them.
- 183. Students at all ages and levels have a genuine interest in discovering something new.
- 184. Daily drill of anything is distributed practice.
- 185. Monologic discussion is teacher centered discussion.

Final Paper quiz

- 1. **Discourse** is overall pattern.
- 2. Teacher must give his **feedback** before moving on to the next student or question.
- 3. **Scientific** method is often used in research.
- 4. In **cooperative learning** teachers have to be careful about their reward structure.
- 5. Question should be directive to the whole class. Download More Quizzes Files From
- 6. **Gatekeeper:** equalizes participation

- 7. Cooperative learning teaching is how to grade for both team and individual efforts.
- 8. We must be able to exhibit our feeling in the classroom.
- 9. **Bruner** did not clearly divide these stages he kept them merged.
- 10. Cooperative learning should have cooperative tasks, cooperative **goals** and cooperative rewards.
- 11. Piaget spend actually **50 years** to work on constructivism.

- 12. Burner's first stage is enactive.
- 13. In guided inquiry, students investigate a teacher-presented question.
- 14. In **pre schools** pictures and model are not sufficient way of learning.
- 15. Andragogy means how adults learn.
- 16. **Performance assessment** can be used to measure students' problem solving potential as well as group work.
- 17. Competitive goal structure: It occurs when students perceive that they can obtain their goal if, and only if, the other students with whom they work fail to obtain their goals.
- 18. The most important thing in inquiry is **evidence**.
- 19. The focus of project learning is **product.**
- 20. **Group skills** are the skills with which students participate effectively in a group. E.g. readiness for action, sequencing a task, managing tasks, negotiation skills, communication skills, assessing skills or managing skills etc.
- 21. **Guided inquiry** involves the processes of searching for information and applying information to answer questions.
- 22. Having a critical spirit is as important as thinking critically. Norris
- 23. Problem Based Learning has its intellectual roots in the Socratic Method
- 24. Inquiry may involve problem, **procedure** and solution.
- 25. The **hypothesis** is an educated guess about the relationship between the independent and dependent variables.
- 26. The blue hat in the De Bono's six thinking hats symbolizes thinking process.
- 27. The green hat in the De Bono's six thinking hats symbolizes creativity.
- 28. According to Kolb (1984), Learning is a process of a combination of grasping **experience** and transforming it.
- 29. **Assimilation** leads to consideration of new options and points of view.
- 30. In **project learning** the focus is on ultimate outcome and product.
- **31.** Students investigate topic-related questions that are student formulated through student designed/selected procedures. **Unguided inquiry**
- 32. In cooperative learning, **Reward systems** are oriented to the group as well as the individual.
- 33. The biggest limitation of cooperative learning is the mindset.
- 34. Objective type of items can be scored soon after.
- **35.** Discussion is the exchange of **ideas.**
- 36. U-shaped seating arrangements facilitates **classroom discussions**.
- **37.** Adventure projects may last for weeks.
- **38.** The most important thing in thinking skills is to provide the wait time.
- 39. **Researchers** use word discourse with discussion method.
- 40. Recitation is **teacher centered** script.
- 41. If projects **are structured** properly, they allow the learner or groups of learners to be immersed in one big idea,

- 42. Teams are made up of high, average and low achieving students.
- 43. Students work in teams to master learning goal.
- 44. Learning is a **permanent** change in behavior.
- **45.** Learners progress from specific observations to **inferences or generalizations.**
- 46. **Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD):** a cooperative learning classroom technique.
- **47.** Knowledge can be assessed through written tests.
- 48. **Generative topics** are those which are linked with core concepts.
- 49. Whenever a particular behaviour is after a behaviour and the behaviour increases as a result, positive reinforcement has occurred.
- 50. Assigning different roles is a good thing in **jigsaw technique**
- 51. **Children** do not have attention span
- **52.** Detailed implementation comes from **lesson planning**.